Jordan M. Meiss, MD
PCL Injury: Non-Operative
This information and protocol is a guideline, individual variations and changes will apply

## Phase I (Weeks 0-3)

Maximal Protection Phase

## Goals:

- Decrease pain and inflammation
- Early protected ROM
- Prevent quadriceps atrophy
- Patient education


## Precautions:

- Crutches (PRN): WBAT
- Hinge knee brace:
- Week 1: 0-60
- Week 2: 0-90
- Week 3: 0-115
- Avoid active knee flexion


## Treatment Recommendations:

- Range of Motion: limits as above
- Strengthening: Emphasize quads (SLR, knee extensions $0-60^{\circ}$, mini-squats $0-50^{\circ}$, leg press $30-90^{\circ}$ )
- Bicycle beginning week 2
- Modalities: PRN
- HEP

Minimum Criteria for Advancement:

- No increased instability
- No increased swelling
- Minimal tenderness
- PROM at least 0-115


## Phase II (Weeks 4-6)

## Moderate Protection Phase

## Goals:

- ROM 0-125 ${ }^{\circ}$
- Discontinue brace


## Precautions:

- Avoid active knee flexion


## Treatment Recommendations:

- ROM 0-125 ${ }^{\circ}$
- Continue and advance strengthening.
- Proprioception training
- Endurance work
- Pool running/Alter-G progress to full


## Jordan M. Meiss, MD <br> Adhesive Capsulitis (Frozen Shoulder)

This information and protocol is a guideline, individual variations and changes will apply

- Progress to agility drills when appropriate
- HEP

Minimum Criteria for Advancement:

- No instability
- No swelling
- Full painless ROM


## Phase III (Weeks 7-12)

Minimal Protection Phase

## GoALs:

- Full strength and ROM
- Gradual increase to full activity level

PRECAUTIons:

- None

Treatment Recommendations:

- Continue flexibility, strengthening, proprioception training
- Initiate sport/activity specific activity drills
- Gradual return to sport/activities
- HEP for maintenance

Minimum Criteria for Advancement:

- Full ROM
- No effusion
- No change in laxity
- Isokinetic strength >85\% contralateral side
- Satisfactory proprioception

