Jordan M. Meiss, MD

MCL Injury: Non-Operative
This information and protocol is a guideline, individual variations and changes will apply

## Phase I (Weeks 1-2)

## Maximal Protection Phase

## Goals:

- Decrease pain and inflammation
- Early protected ROM
- Prevent quadriceps atrophy
- Patient education


## Precautions:

- Crutches (PRN): WBAT
- Hinge knee brace (PRN)
- Avoid Valgus load and ER lower leg
- Painfree ROM


## Treatment Recommendations:

- Range of Motion: PROM and AAROM
- Strengthening: Initially isometrics then progress
- Modalities: PRN
- HEP


## Minimum Criteria for Advancement:

- No increased instability
- No increased swelling
- Minimal tenderness
- PROM at least $10-100^{\circ}$


## Phase II (Weeks 2-3)

Moderate Protection Phase
Goals:

- Full painfree ROM
- Restore strength
- Ambulate without crutches


## Precautions:

- Crutches (PRN): WBAT
- Hinge knee brace (PRN)
- Avoid Valgus load and ER lower leg
- Pain-free ROM


## Treatment Recommendations:

- Continue and advance ROM and strengthening. Emphasize closed chain exercises.
- Flexibility exercises: hamstrings, quads, ITB, etc.
- Proprioception training
- Endurance work
- HEP

Jordan M. Meiss, MD
MCL Injury: Non-Operative
This information and protocol is a guideline, individual variations and changes will apply

## Minimum Criteria for Advancement:

- No instability
- No swelling
- Full painless ROM


## Phase III (Weeks 3-6)

Minimal Protection Phase

## Goals:

- Full strength and ROM
- Gradual increase to full activity level


## Precautions:

- Painfree activities


## Treatment Recommendations:

- Continue flexibility, strengthening, proprioception training
- Initiate sport/activity specific activity drills
- HEP for maintenance

Minimum Criteria for Advancement:

- Full ROM
- No effusion
- No instability
- Muscle strength 85\% contralateral side
- Satisfactory proprioception
- No tenderness over MCL

